Products

Technical Information iTEMP TMT85

Dual Input Temperature Transmitter with FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ communication





Application

- Temperature transmitter with 2 universal input channels and FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ protocol for the conversion of different input signals into digital output signals
- The temperature transmitter stands out due to signal reliability, long-term stability, high precision and advanced diagnostics (important in critical processes)
- $\ \ \blacksquare$ For the highest level of safety, availability and risk reduction
- Universal input usable for resistance thermometer (RTD), thermocouple (TC), resistance transmitter (Ω), voltage transmitter (mV)
- DIN B style transmitter to fit in the smallest terminal heads or in remote housings in accordance with DIN EN 50446
- Optional installation in field housings even for use in Ex d areas
- Mounting bracket pipe or wall for the field housing

Your benefits

- Easy and standardized communication via FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ H1
- Straightforward design of measuring points in Ex-areas through FISCO/FNICO conformity in accordance with IEC 600079-27
- Safe operation in hazardous areas thanks to international approvals such as FM IS, NI; CSA IS, NI; ATEX Ex ia, Ex nA for intrinsically safe installation in zone 1 and zone 2
- High accuracy through sensor-transmitter matching
- Reliable operation with sensor monitoring and device hardware fault recognition
- Several mounting versions and sensor connection combinations
- Rapid no-tools wiring due to optional spring terminal technology

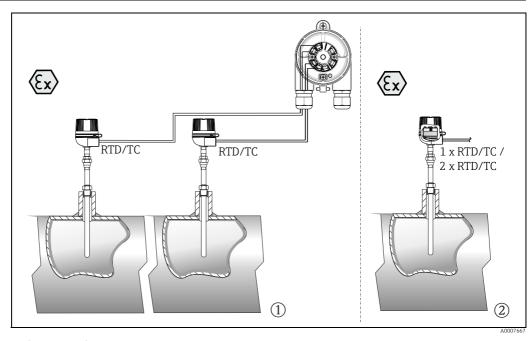


Function and system design

Measuring principle

Electronic recording and conversion of various input signals in industrial temperature measurement.

Measuring system



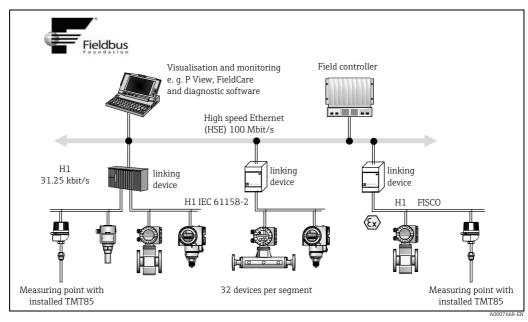
Application examples

Two sensors with measuring input (RTD or TC) in remote installation with the following advantages: drift warning, sensor backup function and temperature-dependent switching
 Built-in head transmitter - 1 x RTD/TC or 2 x RTD/TC as redundancy

Endress+Hauser is a producer of a wide range of resistance thermometers, thermocouples and matching thermowells.

In conjunction with these components, the temperature head transmitter forms a complete measuring point for various applications in the industrial sector.

Device architecture



System integration via FOUNDATION Fieldbus™

The temperature head transmitter is a two-wire device with two measuring inputs. Using FOUNDATION Fieldbus™, the device transfers converted signals from resistance thermometers and thermocouples in addition to other resistance and millivolt signals. The device is powered via the FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ H1 bus and can be installed as an intrinsically safe apparatus in zone 1 hazardous areas. The device is used for instrumentation purposes in the terminal head form B as per DIN EN 50446. Data transfer takes place via the following function blocks:

- 2 x 3 analog input (AI),
- 1 x standard PID controller (PID) and
- 1 x input selector (ISEL).

Sensor diagnosis functions

Sensor diagnoses such as cable open circuit, short-circuit, cable corrosion, wiring error and device hardware error are supported. In addition, the work area of the sensor and the ambient temperature are monitored.

2-channel functions

These functions increase the reliability and availability of the process values:

- Sensor backup switches to the second sensor if the primary sensor fails.
- Drift warning or alarm if the deviation between sensor 1 and sensor 2 is less than or greater than a
 predefined limit value.
- Temperature-dependent switching between sensors which have advantages in different ranges.

Input

Measured variable	Temperature (temperature linear transmission behavior), resistance and voltage.
Measuring range	The transmitter records different measuring ranges depending on the sensor connection and input signals (see "Type of input").
Type of input	It is possible to connect two sensors which are independent of each other. The measuring inputs are

It is possible to connect two sensors which are independent of each other. The measuring inputs are not galvanically isolated from each other.

Type of input	Designation	Measuring range limits
Resistance thermometer	Pt100	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)
(RTD)	Pt200	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)
as per IEC 60751	Pt500	-200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)
$(\alpha = 0.00385)$	Pt1000	-200 to +250 °C (-238 to +482 °F)
as per JIS C1604-81 $(\alpha = 0.003916)$	Pt100	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)
as per DIN 43760	Ni100	-60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F)
$(\alpha = 0.006180)$	Ni120	-60 to +150 °C (-76 to +302 °F)
as per Edison Copper Winding No.15 (α = 0.004274)	Cu10	-100 to +260 °C (-148 to +500 °F)
as per Edison Curve $(\alpha = 0.006720)$	Ni120	-70 to +270 °C (-94 to +518 °F)
as per GOST	Pt50	-200 to +1100 °C (-328 to +2012 °F)
$(\alpha = 0.003911)$	Pt100	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)
as per GOST $(\alpha = 0.004280)$	Cu50, Cu100	-200 to +200 °C (-328 to +392 °F)
	Pt100 (Callendar-Van	10 to 400Ω
	Dusen)	10 to 2000Ω
	Polynomial nickel	$10 ext{ to } 400 \Omega$
		10 to 2000Ω
	Polynomial copper	10 to 400Ω
		10 to $2000~\Omega$

Type of input	Designation	Measuring range limits			
	 For 2-wire circuit, comp 	onnection type: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤ 0.3 mA or 2-wire circuit, compensation for wire resistance possible (0 to 30 Ω) or 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire			
Resistance transmitter	Resistance Ω	10 to 400 Ω 10 to 2000 Ω			
Thermocouples (TC) as per IEC 584, Part 1	Type A (W5Re-W20Re) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) Type J (Fe-CuNi) Type K (NiCr-Ni) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) Type T (Cu-CuNi)	0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +40 to +1820 °C (+104 to +3308 °F) -270 to +1000 °C (-454 to +1832 °F) -210 to +1200 °C (-346 to +2192 °F) -270 to +1372 °C (-454 to +2501 °F) -270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -260 to +400 °C (-436 to +752 °F)	Recommended temperature range: 0 to +2500 °C (+32 to 4532 °F) +500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F) -150 to +1800 °C (-238 to +1832 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) -150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)		
as per ASTM E988	Type C (W5Re-W26Re) Type D (W3Re-W25Re)	0 to +2315 °C (+32 to +4199 °F) 0 to +2315 °C (+32 to +4199 °F)	0 to +2000 °C (+32 to +3632 °F) 0 to +2000 °C (+32 to +3632 °F)		
as per DIN 43710 as per GOST R8.8585-2001	Type L (Fe-CuNi) Type U (Cu-CuNi) Type U (NiCr-CuNi) -200 to +900 °C (-328 to +1652 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F) -200 to +800 °C (-328 to +1472 °F)				
Voltage transmitter (mV)	accordance with NAMU Millivolt transmitter (mV)	ance 10 k Ω (if the sensor resistance is greater than 10 k Ω , an error message is output in JR NE89) $-20 \text{ to } 100 \text{ mV}$			

When assigning both sensor inputs, the following connection combinations are possible:

		Sensor input 1			
		RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire	1	1	-	1
Sensor transminut 2 RTD of transminut 2 Therm	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire	1	1	-	1
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	-	-	-	-
	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter	✓	1	1	✓

Output

Output signal

- FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ H1, IEC 61158-2
- FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic) = 0 mA
- Data transmission rate: supported baud rate = 31.25 kBit/s
- Signal coding = Manchester II
- Output data:

Available values via AI blocks: temperature (PV), temp sensor 1 + 2, terminal temperature

■ LAS (link active scheduler), LM (link master) function is supported:
Thus, the head transmitter can assume the function of a link active scheduler (LAS) if the current link master (LM) is no longer available. The device is supplied as a BASIC device. To use the device as an LAS, this must be defined in the distributed control system and activated by downloading the configuration to the device.

■ In accordance with IEC 60079-27, FISCO/FNICO

Breakdown information

Status message in accordance with FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ specification.

Linearization/transmission behavior

Temperature linear, resistance linear, voltage linear

50/60 Hz

Galvanic isolation

Mains voltage filter

U = 2 kV AC (sensor input to the output)

Switch-on delay

8 s

Data of the FOUNDATION Fieldbus interface

Basic Data

Device Type	11CE (hex)
Device Revision	02
Node address	Default: 247
ITK Version	6.0.1
ITK-Certification Driver-No.	IT085900
Link Master (LAS) capable	yes
Link Master / Basic Device selectable	yes; Default: Basic Device
Number VCRs	44
Number of Link-Objects in VFD	50

Virtual communication references (VCRs)

Permanent entries	1
Fully configurable entries	43

Link Settings

Slot time	8
Min. Inter PDU delay	10
Max. response delay * slot time	24

Blocks

Block description	Block index ¹⁾	Execution time (macro cycle ≤ 500 ms)	Block class
Resource Block	400	-	Extended
Transducer Block Sensor 1	500	-	Manufacturer-specific
Transducer Block Sensor 2	600	-	Manufacturer-specific
Transducer Block Display	700	_	Manufacturer-specific
Transducer Block Adv. Diag.	800	-	Manufacturer-specific
Function block AI1	900	30 ms	Extended
Function block AI2	1000	30 ms	Extended
Function block AI3	1100	30 ms	Extended
Function block AI4	(1200)	30 ms (not instantiated)	Extended
Function block AI5	(1300)	30 ms (not instantiated)	Extended
Function block AI6	(1400)	30 ms (not instantiated)	Extended
Function block PID	1200 (1500)	25 ms	Standard
Function block ISEL	1300 (1600)	20 ms	Standard

1) The values in brackets are valid if all the AI blocks (AI1-AI6) are instantiated.

Brief description of the blocks

Resource Block

The Resource Block contains all the data that clearly identify and characterize the device. It is like an electronic device nameplate. In addition to parameters that are needed to operate the device on the fieldbus, the Resource Block also makes other information available such as the order code, device ID, hardware version, firmware version, etc.

Transducer Block "Sensor 1" and "Sensor 2"

The Transducer Blocks of the head transmitter contain all the measurement-related and device-specific parameters that are relevant for measuring the input variables.

Display Transducer

The parameters of the "Display" Transducer Block allow the configuration of the optional display.

Advanced Diagnostic

All the parameters for automatic monitoring and diagnosis are grouped together in this Transducer Block.

Analog Input (AI)

In the AI function block, the process variables from the Transducer Blocks are prepared for subsequent automation functions in the control system (e.g. scaling, limit value processing).

PID

This function block contains input channel processing, proportional integral-differential control (PID) and analog output channel processing. The following can be implemented: basic controls, feedforward control, cascade control and cascade control with limiting.

Input Selector (ISEL)

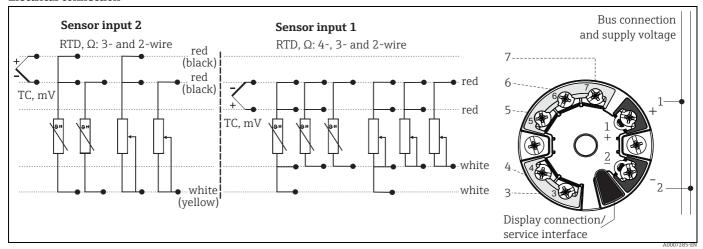
The block for selecting a signal (Input Selector Block - ISEL) allows the user to choose up to four inputs and generates an output based on the configured action.

Power supply

Supply voltage

U = 9 to 32 V DC, polarity independent (max. voltage $U_b = 35$ V)

Electrical connection



Terminal assignment of head transmitter.

Current consumption

 $\leq 11 \, \text{mA}$

Terminals

Choice of screw or spring terminals (see "Design, dimensions" diagram) for sensor and fieldbus wires:

Terminals version	Wire version	Conductor cross-section
Screw terminals (with latches at the fieldbus terminals for easy connection of a handheld terminal, e.g. FieldXpert, FC475)	Rigid or flexible	≤ 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)
Spring terminals	Rigid or flexible	0.2 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (2416 AWG)
Stripped length = min. 10 mm (0.39 in)	Flexible with wire-end ferrules without plastic ferrule	0.25 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (2416 AWG)
	Flexible with wire-end ferrules with plastic ferrule	0.25 mm ² to 0.75 mm ² (2418 AWG)



No ferrules have to be used when connecting flexible wires to spring terminals.

Performance characteristics

Response time	1 s per channel
Reference operating conditions	 Calibration temperature: + 25 °C ± 5 K (77 °F ± 9 °F) Supply voltage: 24 V DC 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment
Resolution	Resolution A/D converter = 18 bit

Maximum measured error



Typical values, according to DIN EN 60770, 25 °C \pm 3 °C (77 °F \pm 5,4 °F), supply voltage 24 V_{DC}. The data concerning the various measured errors correspond to a standard deviation of 2 σ (Gaussian normal distribution). These data include nonlinearity and repeatability.

	Designation	Measuring range	Typical measured error (±)
Resistance thermometer (RTD) according to standard			Digital value ¹⁾
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1)		0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt1000 (4)	0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F)	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)		0.07 °C (0.13 °F)
Thermocouples (TC) according to standard			
IEC 60584-1	Тур К (36)		0.31 °C (0.56 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Typ S (39)	0 to +800 °C (32 to +1472 °F)	0.97 °C (1.75 °F)
GOST R8.8585-2001	Typ L (43)		2.18 °C (3.92 °F)

¹⁾ Using fieldbus transmitted measured value

Measured error for resistance thermometer (RTD) and resistance transmitters

			Measured error (±)		Non-repeatability (±)
Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Digital ¹⁾		
			Maximum	Relating to measured value	
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1)	-200 to +850 °C	≤ 0.12 °C (0.21 °F)	0.06 °C (0.11 °F) + 0.006% x (MW - MBA)	≤0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt200 (2)	(-328 to +1562 °F)	≤ 0.30 °C (0.54 °F)	0.11 °C (0.2 °F) + 0.018% x (MW - MBA)	≤0.13 °C (0.23 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt500 (3)	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	≤ 0.16 °C (0.29 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.015% x (MW - MBA)	≤0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt1000 (4)	-200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)	< 0.00 °C (0.16 °T)	0.03 °C (0.05 °F) + 0.013% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	— ≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8)	-185 to +1100 °C (-301 to +2012 °F)	≤ 0.20 °C (0.36 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.008% x (MW - MBA)	≤0.11 °C (0.2 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)	≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F) +	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6)	-60 to 250 ℃	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.006% x (MW - MBA)	< 0.03 °C (0.05 °E)
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni120 (7)	(-76 to 482 °F)			≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)
OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-2009	Cu50 (10)	-60 to +250 ℃	≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F)	0.09 °C (0.16 °F) + 0.006% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-2009	Cu100 (11)	(-76 to +482 °F)	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)		≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)
OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12)	-60 to +180 °C	< 0.05 °C (0.00 °T)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.003% x (MW - MBA)	< 0.03 °C (0.05 °T)
OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-2009	Ni120 (13)	(-76 to +356 °F)	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)		≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)
OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	-50 to +200 °C (-58 to +392 °F)	≤ 0.11 °C (0.2 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.004% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)

Resistance transmit-	Resistance Ω	10 to 400 Ω	32 mΩ	-	15 mΩ
ters		10 to 2000 Ω	300 mΩ	-	≤ 200 mΩ

1) Using fieldbus transmitted measured value

MW = Measured value

MBA = Measuring range start of the respective sensor

$\mbox{\sc Measured}$ error for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

			Measured error (±)		Non-repeatability (±)
Thermocouples (TC) according to standard	Designation	Measuring range	Digital ¹⁾		
according to Standard			Maximum	Relating to measured value	
IEC 60584-1	Type A (30)	0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F)	≤ 1.33 °C (2.39 °F)	0.8 °C (1.44 °F) + 0.021% x MW	≤ 0.52 °C (0.94 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type B (31)	+500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F)	≤ 1.50 °C (2.7 °F)	1.5 °C (2.7 °F) - 0.06% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.67 °C (1.21 °F)
IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	Type C (32)	0 to +2000 °C	≤ 0.66 °C (1.19 °F)	0.55 °C (1 °F) + 0.0055% x MW	≤ 0.33 °C (0.59 °F)
ASTM E988-96	Type D (33)	(+32 to +3632 °F)	≤ 0.75 °C (1.35 °F)	0.75 °C (1.44 °F) - 0.008% x MW	≤ 0.41 °C (0.74 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type E (34)	-150 to +1000 °C (-238 to +2192 °F)	≤ 0.22 °C (0.4 °F)	0.22 °C (0.40 °F) - 0.006% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type J (35)	-150 to +1200 °C	≤ 0.27 °C (0.48 °F)	0.27 °C (0.49 °F) - 0.005% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type K (36)	(-238 to +2192 °F)	≤ 0.35 °C (0.63 °F)	0.35 °C (0.63 °F) - 0.005% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.11 °C (0.20 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type N (37)	-150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F)	≤ 0.48 °C (0.86 °F)	0.48 °C (0.86 °F) - 0.014% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.16 °C (0.29 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type R (38)	+50 to +1768 °C	≤ 1.12 °C (2.0 °F)	1.12 °C (2 °F) - 0.03% x MW	≤ 0.76 °C (1.37 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type S (39)	(+122 to +3214 °F)	≤ 1.15 °C (2.07 °F)	1.15 °C (2.07 °F) - 0.022% x MW	≤ 0.74 °C (1.33 °F)
IEC 60584-1	Type T (40)	-150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	≤ 0.36 °C (0.47 °F)	0.36 °C (0.47 °F) - 0.04% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.11 °C (0.20 °F)
DIN 43710	Type L (41)	-150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F)	≤ 0.29 °C (0.52 °F)	0.29 °C (0.52 °F) - 0.009% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)
DIN 43710	Type U (42)	-150 to +600 °C (-238 to +1112 °F)	≤ 0.33 °C (0.6 °F)	0.33 °C (0.6 °F) - 0.028% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.10 °C (0.18 °F)
GOST R8.8585-2001	Type L (43)	-200 to +800 °C (-328 to +1472 °F)	≤ 2.2 °C (4.0 °F)	2.2 °C (4 °F) - 0.015% x (MW - MBA)	≤ 0.15 °C (0.27 °F)
Voltage transmitter (mV)		-20 to 100 mV	10 μV	-	4 μV

1) Using fieldbus transmitted measured value

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F), ambient tempera +25 °C (+77 °F), supply voltage 24 V:		ambient temperature
	Measured error = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{\circ}\text{x} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$:	0.084 °C (0.151 °F)

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 $^{\circ}$ C (32 to +392 $^{\circ}$ F), ambient temperature +35 $^{\circ}$ C (+95 $^{\circ}$ F), supply voltage 30 V:		
Measured error = 0.06 °C + 0.006% x (200 °C - (-200 °C)):	0.084 °C (0.151 °F)	
Influence of ambient temperature = (35 - 25) x (0.002% x 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.005 °C	0.08 °C (0.144 °F)	
Influence of supply voltage = $(30 - 24) \times (0.002 \% \times 200 \degree \text{C} - (-200 \degree \text{C}))$, min. $0.005 \degree \text{C}$	0.048 °C (0.086 °F)	
Total measured error: $\sqrt{\text{(Measured error}^2 + influence of ambient temperature}^2 + influence of supply voltage}^2$:	0.126 °C (0.227 °F)	

Sensor transmitter matching

RTD sensors are one of the most linear temperature measuring elements. Nevertheless, the output must be linearized. To improve temperature measurement accuracy significantly, the device enables the use of two methods:

Callendar-Van Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer)
 The Callendar-Van Dusen equation is described as:

$$R_T = R_0[1 + AT + BT^2 + C(T - 100)T^3]$$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically by means of sensor calibration.

Linearization for copper/nickel resistance thermometers (RTD)
 The polynomial equations for nickel are described as:

$$R_T = R_0[1 + AT + BT^2 + C(T - 100)T^3]$$

The equations for copper, subject to temperature, are described as:

$$R_T = R_0(1 + AT)$$

 $T = -50 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 200 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-58 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ to 392 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

$$R_T = R_0[1 + AT + B(T + 6.7) + CT^2]$$

 $T = -180 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to -50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-292 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ to -58 $^{\circ}\text{F}$)

These coefficients A, B and C are used for the linearization of nickel or copper resistance thermometers (RTD). The exact values of the coefficients derive from the calibration data and are specific to each sensor.

Sensor transmitter matching using one of the above-named methods significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is due to the fact that to calculate the temperature measured, the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

Operational influences

The data concerning the various measured errors correspond to a standard deviation of 2 σ (Gaussian normal distribution)

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: effect (±) when ambie 1 °C (1.8 °F)	nt temperature changes by	Supply voltage: effect (±) when supply voltage changes by 1 V Digital ¹⁾	
		Digital ¹⁾			
		Maximum	Relating to measured value	Maximum	Relating to measured value
Resistance the	rmometer (RTD)	,	<u>'</u>		
Pt100 (1)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA). min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	≤ 0.12 °C (0.21 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA). min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)
Pt200 (2)		≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F)	-	≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F)	-
Pt500 (3)	IEC60751:2008	≤ 0.014 °C (0.025 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.009 °C (0.016 °F)	≤ 0.014 °C (0.025 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.009 °C (0.016 °F)
Pt1000 (4)		4 0 04 %G (0 040 %F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	- ≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	- ≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)
Pt50 (8)	- GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)
Pt100 (9)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)
Ni100 (6)	DIN 43760 IPTS-68	≤ 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	-	≤ 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	-
Ni120 (7)		≥ 0.005 C (0.009 F)	-	2 0.003 C (0.003 F)	-
Cu50 (10)			-		-
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84:2003 /	≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	0.002% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)
Ni100 (12)	GOST 6651-2009	< 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	-	< 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	-
Ni120 (13)		≤ 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	-	- ≤ 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	-
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	-	≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	-
Resistance trai	nsmitters (Ω)				
10 to 400 Ω		≤ 6 mΩ	0.0015% x (MW - MBA), min. 1.5 m Ω	≤ 6 mΩ	0.0015% x (MW - MBA), min. 1.5 m Ω
10 to $2000~\Omega$		≤ 30 mΩ	0.015% x (MW - MBA), min. 15 m Ω	≤30 mΩ	0.015% x (MW - MBA), min. 15 m Ω

1) Using fieldbus transmitted measured value

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: effect (\pm) when ambient temperature changes by 1 °C (1.8 °F)		Supply voltage: effect (±) when supply voltage changes by 1 V	
		Digital ¹⁾		Digital ¹⁾	
		Maximum	Relating to measured value	Maximum	Relating to measured value
Thermocouples	(TC)				
Type A (30)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.14 °C (0.25 °F)	0.0055% x MW, min. 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.14 °C (0.25 °F)	0.0055% x MW, min. 0.03 °C (0.005 °F)
Type B (31)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	-	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	-
Туре С (32)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F)	0.0045% x MW, min. 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	≤ 0.09 °C (0.16 °F)	0.0045% x MW, min. 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)

Designation	Standard	•	Ambient temperature: effect (\pm) when ambient temperature changes by 1 °C (1.8 °F)		oly voltage changes by 1 V
		Digital ¹⁾		Digital ¹⁾	
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.004% x MW, min. 0.035 °C (0.063 °F)	≤ 0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.004% x MW, min. 0.035 °C (0.063 °F)
Type E (34)		≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.003% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.016 °C (0.029 °F)	≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.003% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.016 °C (0.029 °F)
Type J (35)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.0028% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	0.0028% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)
Туре К (36)		≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.003% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.003% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)
Type N (37)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.0028% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.020 °C (0.036 °F)	≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.0028% x (MW - MBA), min. 0.020 °C (0.036 °F)
Type R (38)		≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	0.0035% x MW, min. 0.047 °C (0.085 °F)	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	0.0035% x MW, min. 0.047 °C (0.085 °F)
Type S (39)		≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	-	≤ 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	-
Type T (40)		≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-	≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-
Type L (41)	DIN 43710	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-
Type U (42)	DIN 43710	≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-	≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-
Type L (43)	GOST R8.8585- 2001	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-
Voltage transm	itter (mV)				
-20 to 100 mV	-	≤ 3 µV	-	≤ 3 µV	-

1) Using fieldbus transmitted measured value

MW = Measured value

MBA = Measuring range start of the respective sensor

Long term drift resistance thermometer (RTD) and resistance transmitter

Danimatian	Standard	Long term drift (\pm)				
Designation	Stanuaru	After 1 year	After 3 years	After 5 years		
			Maximum			
Pt100 (1)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F) + 0.024% x measuring span	\leq 0.042 °C (0.076 °F)+ 0.035% x measuring span	≤ 0.051 °C (0.092 °F) + 0.037% x measuring span		
Pt200 (2)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.17 °C (0.31 °F) + 0.016% x measuring span	≤ 0.28 °C (0.5 °F) + 0.022% x measuring span	≤ 0.343 °C (0.617 °F) + 0.025% x measuring span		
Pt500 (3)	IEC 60584-1 / ASTM E988-96	\leq 0.067 °C (0.121 °F) + 0.018% x measuring span	≤ 0.111 °C (0.2 °F)+ 0.025% x measuring span	\leq 0.137 °C (0.246 °F) + 0.028% x measuring span		
Pt1000 (4)	ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.034 °C (0.06 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	\leq 0.056 °C (0.1 °F) + 0.029% x measuring span	\leq 0.069 °C (0.124 °F)+ 0.032% x measuring span		

D : + :	Ctdd	Long term drift (±)				
Designation	Standard	After 1 year	After 3 years	After 5 years		
Pt100 (5)		≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)+ 0.022% x measuring span	\leq 0.042 °C (0.076 °F) + 0.032% x measuring span	\leq 0.051 °C (0.092 °F) + 0.034% x measuring span		
Pt50 (8)		\leq 0.055 °C (0.01 °F) + 0023% x measuring span	≤ 0.089 °C (0.16 °F) + 0.032% x measuring span	≤ 0.1 °C (0.18 °F)+ 0.035% x measuring span		
Pt100 (9)		\leq 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)+ 0.024% x measuring span	\leq 0.042 °C (0.076 °F) + 0.034% x measuring span	\leq 0.051 °C (0.092 °F) + 0.037% x measuring span		
Ni100 (6)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.025 °C (0.045 °F) + 0.016% x measuring span	\leq 0.042 °C (0.076 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	\leq 0.047 °C (0.085 °F) + 0.021% x measuring span		
Ni120 (7)		\leq 0.02 °C (0,036 °F) + 0.018% x measuring span	\leq 0.032 °C (0.058 °F) + 0.024% x measuring span	\leq 0.036 °C (0.065 °F) + 0.025% x measuring span		
Cu50 (10)		\leq 0.053 °C (0.095 °F) + 0.013% x measuring span	\leq 0.084 °C (0.151 °F) + 0.016% x measuring span	\leq 0.094 °C (0.169 °F) + 0.016% x measuring span		
Cu100 (11)		\leq 0.027 °C (0.049 °F) + 0.019% x measuring span	\leq 0.042 °C (0.076 °F) + 0.026% x measuring span	\leq 0.047 °C (0.085 °F) + 0.027% x measuring span		
Ni100 (12)	DIN 43710	\leq 0.026 °C (0.047 °F)+ 0.015% x measuring span	≤ 0.04 °C (0.076 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	\leq 0.046 °C (0.083 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span		
Ni120 (13)	DIN 43710	\leq 0.021 °C (0.038 °F) + 0.017% x measuring span	\leq 0.034 °C (0.061 °F) + 0.022% x measuring span	\leq 0.038 °C (0.068 °F) + 0.023% x measuring span		
Cu50 (14)	GOST R8.8585- 2001	\leq 0.056 °C (0.1 °F)+ 0.009% x measuring span	≤ 0.089 °C (0.16 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span	≤ 0.1 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span		
Resistance tra	nsmitters (Ω)					
10 to 400 Ω	-	$\leq 10~\text{m}\Omega$ + 0.022% x measuring span	$\leq 14 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.031\% \text{ x measuring}$ span	$\leq 16 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.033\% \text{ x measuring}$ span		
10 to 2000 Ω	-	$\leq 144~m\Omega$ + 0.019% x measuring span	\leq 238 m Ω + 0.026% x measuring span	\leq 294 m Ω + 0.028% x measuring span		

Long term drift thermocouple (TC) and voltage transmitter

Darian dian	Ctll	Long term drift (\pm)			
Designation	Standard	After 1 year	After 3 years	After 5 years	
			Maximum		
Type A (30)		≤ 0.17 °C (0.306 °F) + 0.021% x measuring span	≤ 0.27 °C (0.486 °F) + 0.03% x measuring span	≤ 0.38 °C (0.683 °F) + 0.035% x measuring span	
Туре В (31)		≤ 0.5 °C (0.9 °F)	≤ 0.75 °C (1.35 °F)	≤ 1.0 °C (1.8 °F)	
Type C (32)	IEC60751:2008	\leq 0.15 °C (0.27 °F) + 0.018% x measuring span	≤ 0.24 °C (0.43 °F) + 0.026% x measuring span	≤ 0.34 °C (0.61 °F) + 0.027% x measuring span	
Type D (33)		\leq 0.21 °C (0.38 °F) + 0.015% x measuring span	≤ 0.34 °C (0.61 °F)+ 0.02% x measuring span	≤ 0.47 °C (0.85 °F)+ 0.02% x measuring span	
Type E (34)	JIS C1604:1984	\leq 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) + 0.018% x measuring span	≤ 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) + 0.025% x measuring span	≤ 0.13 °C (0.234 °F) + 0.026% x measuring span	
Type J (35)	COST ((F1.0)	\leq 0.06 °C (0.11 °F) + 0.019% x measuring span	≤ 0.1 °C (0.18 °F) + 0.025% x measuring span	≤ 0.14 °C (0.252 °F) + 0.027% x measuring span	
Туре К (36)	GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) + 0.017% x (MW + 150 °C (270 °F))	\leq 0.14 °C (0.252 °F) + 0.023% x measuring span	≤ 0.19 °C (0.342 °F) + 0.024% x measuring span	
Type N (37)	DIN / 27/0 IDEC / 0	≤ 0.13 °C (0.234 °F) + 0.015% x (MW + 150 °C (270 °F))	\leq 0.2 °C (0.36 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	≤ 0.28 °C (0.5 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	
Type R (38)	DIN 43760 IPTS-68	≤ 0.31 °C (0.558 °F) + 0.011% x (MW - 50 °C (90 °F))	\leq 0.5 °C (0.9 °F) + 0.013% x measuring span	≤ 0.69 °C (1.241 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span	

Designation	Standard	Long term drift (±)			
Designation	Standard	After 1 year	After 3 years	After 5 years	
Type S (39)		≤ 0.31 °C (0.558 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span	≤ 0.5 °C (0.9 °F) + 0.013% x measuring span	≤ 0.7 °C (1.259 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span	
Type T (40)	OIML R84:2003 /	≤ 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) + 0.011% x measuring span	≤ 0.15 °C (0.27 °F)+ 0.013% x measuring span	≤ 0.2 °C (0.36 °F) + 0.012% x measuring span	
Type L (41)	GOST 6651-2009	≤ 0.06 °C (0.108 °F) + 0.017% x measuring span	≤ 0.1 °C (0.18 °F)+ 0.022% x measuring span	≤ 0.14 °C (0.252 °F) + 0.022% x measuring span	
Type U (42)		≤ 0.09 °C (0.162 °F) + 0.013% x measuring span	≤ 0.14 °C (0.252 °F)+ 0.017% x measuring span	≤ 0.2 °C (0.360 °F)+ 0.015% x measuring span	
Type L (43)	OIML R84:2003 / GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.08 °C (0.144 °F) + 0.015% x measuring span	≤ 0.12 °C (0.216 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	≤ 0.17 °C (0.306 °F) + 0.02% x measuring span	
Voltage transmitter (mV)					
-20 to 100 mV	-	≤ 2 μV + 0.022% x measuring span	\leq 3.5 μ V + 0.03% x measuring span	$\leq 4.7~\mu V + 0.033\%~x~measuring$ span	

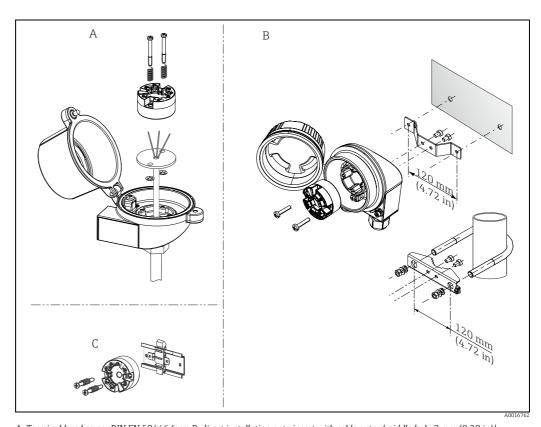
Influence of reference point (cold junction)

Pt100 DIN EN 60751 Cl. B, internal reference point for thermocouples TC

Installation conditions

Installation instructions

Mounting location:



A: Terminal head as per DIN EN 50446 form B, direct installation onto insert with cable entry (middle hole 7 mm (0.28 in)) B: Separated from process in field housing, wall or pipe mounting C: With DIN rail clip on mounting rail as per IEC 60715 (TH35)

Orientation: No restrictions

Environment

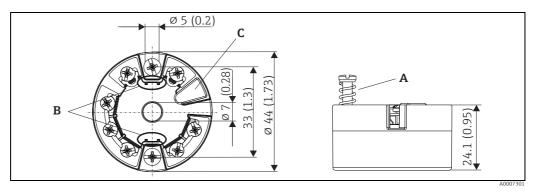
Ambient temperature range	-40 to +85 $^{\circ}$ C (-40 to +185 $^{\circ}$ F), for hazardous areas see Ex documentation (XA, CD).
Storage temperature	-40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F)
Altitude	Up to 4000 m (4374.5 yd) above mean sea level in accordance with IEC 61010-1, CSA 1010.1-92
Climate class	As per IEC 60654-1, Class C
Humidity	 Condensation as per IEC 60068-2-33 permitted Max. rel. humidity: 95% as per IEC 60068-2-30
Degree of protection	 IP00 with screw terminals. In the installed state, it depends on the terminal head or field housing used. IP30 with spring terminals IP66/67 when installed in field housing TA30A, TA30D or TA30H
Shock and vibration resistance	10 to 2000 Hz for 5g as per IEC 60068-2-6
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	CE compliance EMC to all relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326- series and NAMUR NE21. For details see declaration of conformity.
	Maximum measured error <1% of measuring range
	Interference immunity: as per IEC/EN 61326 series (industrial environment) / NAMUR NE21 Interference emissions: as per IEC 61326-1 Class B
Measuring category	Measuring category II as per IEC 61010-1. The measuring category is provided for measuring on power circuits that are directly connected electrically with the low-voltage network.
Degree of contamination	Pollution degree 2 as per IEC 61010-1.

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

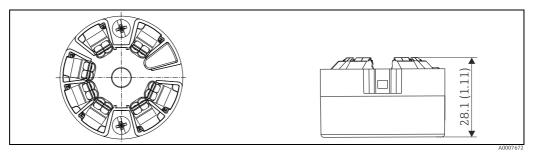
Specifications in mm (in)

Head transmitter



Model with screw terminals

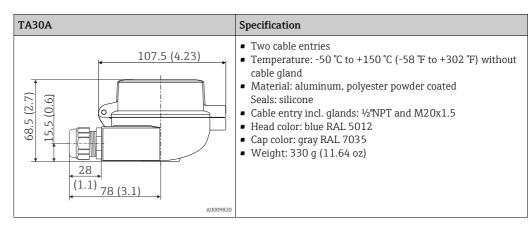
Pos. A: Spring range $L \ge 5$ mm (not applicable to US - M4 mounting screws) Pos. B: Fixing elements for detachable measured value display Pos. C: Interface for contacting measured value display

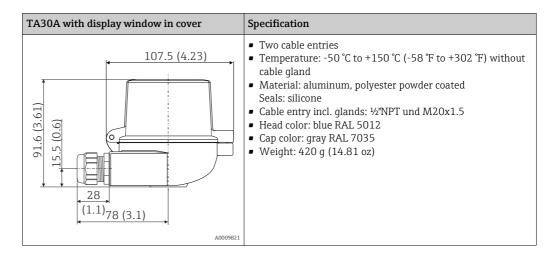


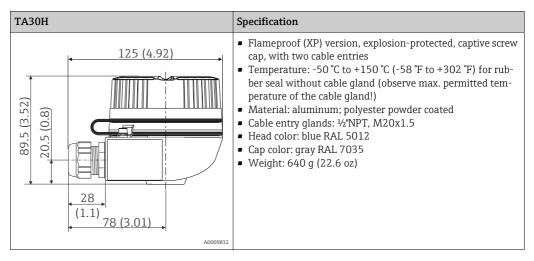
 ${\it Model with spring terminals.}\ {\it The same dimensions except for height of housing.}$

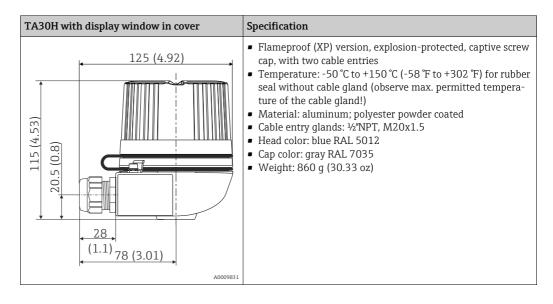
Field housings

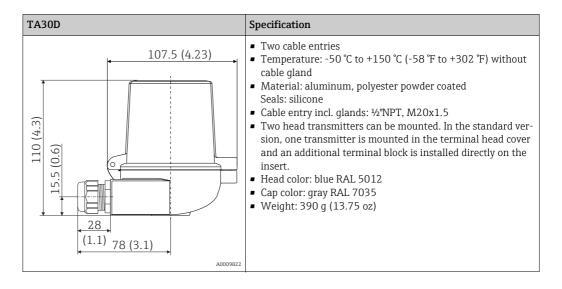
All terminal heads have an internal shape and size in accordance with DIN EN 50446, flat face and a thermometer connection of M24x1.5. Cable glands: M20x1.5











Maximum ambient temperature for cable glands and fieldbus connectors	
Туре	Temperature range
Cable gland polyamide ½" NPT, M20x1.5 (non-Ex)	-40+100 °C (-40+212 °F)
Cable gland polyamide M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area)	-20+95 °C (-4+203 °F)
Cable gland brass ½" NPT, M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area)	-20+130 °C (-4+266 °F)
Fieldbus connector (M12x1 PA, 7/8" FF)	-40+105 °C (-40+221 °F)

Weight

- Head transmitter: approx. 40 to 50 g (1.4 to 1.8 oz)
- Field housing: see specifications

Material

All materials used are RoHS-compliant.

Head transmitter

- Housing: Polycarbonate (PC), complies with UL94 HB flammability standard (HB: horizontal burning test)
- Terminals
 - Screw terminals: Nickel-plated brass and gold-plated contact Spring terminals: Tin-plated brass, contact spring V2A
- Potting: WEVO PU 403 FP / FL, according to UL94 V0 flammability standard (V0: vertical burning test)

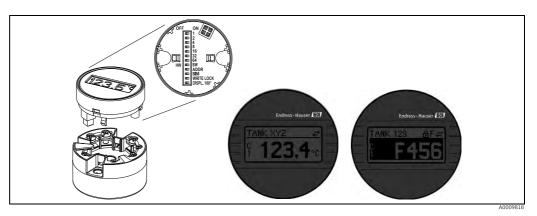
Field housing: see specifications

Operability

Display and operating elements

There are no display or operating elements present at the head transmitter.

Optional the plug-on display TID10 can be used in connection with the head transmitter. It will display information regarding the actual measured value and the measurement point identification. In the event of a fault in the measurement chain this will be displayed in inverse color showing the channel ident and diagnostics code. DIP-switches can be found on the rear of the display. This enables the hardware set-up such as the FOUNDATION Fieldbus TM hardware write protection.



Pluggable display TID10

If the transmitter is installed in a field housing and used with a display, a housing with glas window needs to be used.

Remote operation

The configuration of FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ functions and of device-specific parameters is performed via fieldbus communication. Special configuration systems provided by various manufacturers are available for this purpose. For further information please contact your local Endress+Hauser sales center.

Certificates and approvals

CE-mark

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied. Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

Hazardous area approvals

For further details on the available Ex versions (ATEX, CSA, FM, etc.), please contact your nearest Endress+Hauser sales organisation. All relevant data for hazardous areas can be found in separate Ex documentation. If required, please request copies from us or your Endress+Hauser sales organisation.

UL

Recognized component (see www.ul.com/database, search for keyword "E225237")

Other standards and guidelines

- IEC 60529:
 - Degrees of protection through housing (IP code)
- IEC 61158-2:
 - Fieldbus standard
- IEC 60068-2-27 and IEC 60068-2-6: Shock and vibration resistance
- NAMUR

International user association of automation technology in process industries

Certification FOUNDATION Fieldbus™

The temperature transmitter is certified and registered by the Fieldbus Foundation. The device thus meets all the requirements of the specifications following:

- Certified according to FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ specification
- The device meets all the specifications of the FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ H1
- Interoperability Test Kit (ITK), revision status 6.0.1 (device certification no. available on request): the device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers
- Physical layer conformance test of the FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ (FF-830 FS 2.0)

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Click "Corporate" → Select your country → Click "Products" → Select the product using the filters and search field → Open product page → The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide



Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration:

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion data
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Onlineshop

Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

The following accessories are contained in the scope of delivery:

- Multi-language Brief Operating Instructions as hard copy
- Supplementary documentation ATEX:
 ATEX Safety instructions (XA), Control Drawings (CD)
- Mounting material for head transmitter
- Optional mounting material for field housings (pipe or wall mounting)

Device-specific accessories

Туре	Order code
Display TID10 for Endress+Hauser head transmitters iTEMP TMT8x, pluggable	TID10-xx
TID10 service cable for remote operation of the display for service work; length 40 cm	71086650
Field housing TA30x for Endress+Hauser head transmitter	TA30x-xx
Adapter for DIN rail mounting, DIN rail clip as per IEC 60715 (TH35) without securing screws	51000856
Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws + springs, 4 securing disks and 1 display connector cover)	71044061
US - M4 mounting screws (2 screws M4 and 1 display connector cover)	71044062
Fieldbus connector (FF): $NPT\frac{1}{2}" \rightarrow 7/8"$ $M20 \rightarrow 7/8"$	71082009 71082008
Stainless steel wall mounting bracket for field housing TA30x Stainless steel pipe mounting bracket for field housing TA30x	71123339 71123342

Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:
	 Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results
	Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available: • Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator • On CD-ROM for local PC installation.

W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the
	device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle.
	The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress+Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records.
	W@M is available: • Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement • On CD-ROM for local PC installation.

FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.
	For details: see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

System components

Accessories	Description
RID14	The 8-channel digital indicator displays the measured values, calculated values and status information of the fieldbus users in a FOUNDATION Fieldbus TM network. In the listener mode, the device listens to the set fieldbus addresses and displays their specific values. Furthermore, values available on the bus can be displayed via function block interconnection.
	For details: see the Technical Information document TI00145R/09/en and Operating Instructions BA00282R/09/en

RID16	The field indicator with 8 channels and FOUNDATION Fieldbus $^{\text{TM}}$ protocol displays the measured values, calculated values and status information of the fieldbus users in a FOUNDATION Fieldbus $^{\text{TM}}$ network. In the listener mode, the device listens to the set fieldbus addresses and displays their specific values. Furthermore, values available on the bus can be displayed via function block interconnection.
	For details: see the Technical Information document TI00146R/09/en and Operating Instructions BA00284R/09/en

Documentation

- Operating instructions "iTEMP TMT85" (BA00251R/09/en) online and associated Brief Operating Instructions "iTEMP TMT85" (KA00252R/09) as hard copy
- Operating instructions "Guideline FOUNDATION Fieldbus Function Blocks" (BA00062S/04/en)
- Ex supplementary documentation:

ATEX II 1G Ex ia IIC: XA00069R/09/a3

ATEX II 3G Ex nA II: XA01006T/09/a3

ATEX II 3D Ex tc IIIC: XA01006T/09/a3

ATEX II 2(1)G Ex ia IIC: XA01012T/09/a3

ATEX II 2G Ex d IIC und ATEX II 2D Ex tb IIIC: XA01007T/09/a3

Operating instructions "Display TID10" (BA00262R/09/c4)

